G-BSCY



Pilot's Operating Handbook



Disclaimer

This pdf scan of the Pilots Operating Handbook (POH) is for information, and to aid flight planning only.

It should not replace reference to the original documents, due to possible updates since publication.

These are available for inspection at Take Flight Aviation Limited on request.





AIRCRAFT MODIFICATIONS INC.

F.A.A. APPROVED

AIRPLANE SUPPLEMENTAL FLIGHT MANUAL

For

PIPER CHEROKEE MODEL PA-28-151

With

LYCOMING 0-320-D2A, -D2B, -D2C, or -D3G

ENGINE INSTALLED

REGISTRATION NUMBER 6850Y

SERIAL NUMBER <u>88-7515046</u>

This Supplemental Flight Manual is F.A.A. approved material and must be in the airplane for all operations when Lycoming 0-320-D2A, 0-320-D2B, 0-320-D2C or 0-320-D3G engine is installed in accordance with STC SA2969SW. The information contained herein supplements or supersedes the information in the form of placards, markings, and approved manual material. For limitations, procedures and performance information not contained in this Supplemental Flight Manual consult the basic airplane placards, markings and approved manual material.

F.A.A. APPROVED

Son P. Watson, Chief,
Engineering & Manufacturing Branch
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION
Southwest Region
Fort Worth, Texas 76101

DATE: October 21, 1981

S.T.C. No. SA2969SW

Page 1 of 2 pages



AIRCRAFT MODIFICATIONS INC.

PIPER CHEROKEE MODEL PA-28-151

SUPPLEMENTAL FLIGHT MANUAL

I. GENERAL

1. ENGINE: Lycoming 0-320-D2A or Lycoming 0-320-D2B or Lycoming 0-320-D2C

or Lycoming 0-320-D3G

2. PROPELLER:

Sensenich 74DM6-0-60

or

Sensenich 74DM6-0-58

II. LIMITATIONS

1. ENGINE LIMITS:

Maximum Continuous: 150 H.P. - 2650 RPM

Takeoff (Five (5) Minutes)

160 H.P. - 2700 RPM

2. PROPELLER LIMITS:

Static RPM at maximum throttle setting:

Not over 2450, Not under 2350 Diameter: Maximum = 74 inches

Minimum = 72 inches

3. ENGINE INSTRUMENT MARKINGS:

TACHOMETER:

2200 - 2650 RPM

Green Arc Yellow Arc

2650 - 2700 RPM

Red Radial

- 2700 RPM

PROCEDURES
No Change

IV. PERFORMANCE

The performance of this airplane equipped with a Lycoming 0-320-D2A, 0-320-D2B, 0-320-D2C, or 0-320-D3G engine is equal to or better than the original F.A.A. approved performance.

F.A.A. APPROVED

S.T.C. No. SA2969SW

DATE: 10/21/81

Page 2 of 2 pages

PIPER AIRCRAFT CORP. REPORT VB-575 PŘSPARKO MODEL PA-28-151 DEVELOPMENT CERTER, VERO BEACH, FLA. CHCCRES PAGE TITLE **FFROYER**

APPROVED AEROPLAN'E FLIGHT MANUAL

FOR THE PIPER MODEL

PA-28-151 MODIFIED

PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH BRITISH CIVIL AIRWORTHINESS REQUIREMENTS

SERIAL NUMBER: 28-7415001 TO 28-7615999

Manager, Flight Test

1880E DATE: 10/18/7.3

DOA SO-1 APPROVED

FAA DOA -

COMMISSION OF

| PREPARED | PIPER AIRCRAFT CORP. DEVELOPMENT CENTER, VERO BEACH, FLA. | REPORT VB-575 MODEL PA-28-151 |
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| | *This is th This is the Flight Manual which forms part of the Certificate of Airwonthiness for aircraft | 34447/002 |
| SECTION I. | GENERAL ' | |
| • | A. Registration Particulars | • |
| | 1. Airplane designation: PIPER Model P. | A - 28 - 151 |
| | 2. Registration Marks: GBSCY | <u>.</u> : |
| • | 3. Constructor's Serial Number: 38- | 7515046 |
| | 4. Designed and Constructed by: Piper | Aircraft Corporation |
| | Vero E | each, Florida, U.S.A |
| | 32960 | |
| | 5. F.A.A. Certificate of Airworthiness | for Export: |
| | Number: | |
| | Date of Issue: | |
| | 6. Model PA-28-151 British Flight Manua | 1, Piper Aircraft |
| | Corporation Report VB-575, Approved | by the Secretary, |
| | Civil Ariotian Authority on: | _ |

7. This airplane shall be operated in accordance with the

in the Supplements contained in Section VI.

limitations in Section II and any additional limitations

PREPAREO

APPROVID

PIPER AIRCRAFT CORP. DEVELOPMENT GENTER, VERO BEACH, FLA.

REPORT VB-575 MODEL FA-28-151

PARE __

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C. Amendment System

The current amendment state of this manual is noted on the amendment record sheet (Page 7). Amendments to the text are indicated by a vertical line in the margin together with the revision number. The revision number and the revision date are given in the margin of the revised page. This revision number supersedes the original issue and all previous revisions and contains the latest approved information pertinent to the airplane.

Amendments to supplements published by another organization other than Piper Aircraft Corporation, and included in this manual without the consent of Piper Aircraft Corporation, are the responsibility of that organization.

These amendments will not necessarily be reflected on the amendment record sheet of Page 80 of Section VI.

A record of approved supplements and their embodiment into the manual is provided for on Page 80 of Section VI.

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DEVELOPMENT CENTER, VERO BEACH, FLA.

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SECTION I.

GENERAL, (continued)

F. Definitions

1. AIR TEMPERATURE

The temperature of the free air near to, but not influenced by the aeroplane. This temperature may be a reported, forecast or, when permitted by the Air Navigation Regulations, a declared temperature derived in accordance with an approved system,

2. ALTITUDE

The altitude shown on the charts is pressure altitude which is the expression of atmospheric pressure in terms of altitude above mean sea level according to the inter-relation of these factors in the International Standard Atmosphere (I.S.A.). This may be obtained by setting the sub-scale of an accurate pressure type altimeter at 1,013 millibars (29.92 inches or 760 millimeters of mercury).

3. <u>1.S.A.</u>

International Standard Atmosphere. See Page 10 for temperature variation versus altitude.

4. GRADIENT OF CLIMB

The tangent of the angle of climb expressed as a percentage i.e.,

change in height x 100 horizontal distance traveled

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REPORT VB-575 MODEL FA-28-151

PARE

SECTION I.

APPROVED

GENERAL, (continued)

GROSS PERFORMANCE

The average performance which a fleet of aeroplanes can be expected to achieve or exceed if satisfactorily maintained and flown in accordance with the associated techniques described in the manual.

CORP.

NET PERFORMANCE

The gross performance modified in the manner prescribed in the relevant requirement to make appropriate allowance for those variations from the Gross Performance which are not dealt with in Operational Regulations.

HARD RUNWAY

A surface such as concrete or tarmac.

HE IGHT

The lowest distance between the lowest part of the aeroplane and the relevant datum.

WE IGHT 9.

The total weight of the aeroplane, including fuel, oil, equipment, crew and payload.

A.S.I.R. 10.

The uncorrected Air Speed Indicator Reading.

PIPER AIRCRAFT CORP. PREFARED DEVELOPMENT CENTER, VERO BEACR, FLA. 13 APPROYED

REPORT VB-575 MODEL PA-28-151

PARE

SECTION I.

GENERAL, (continued)

11. I.A.S.

The Indicated Air Speed, which is the A.S.I.R. corrected for instrument error only.

12. E.A.S.

The Equivalent Air Speed, which is I.A.S. corrected for position and compressibility errors.

T.A.S. 13.

The True Air Speed of the aeroplance relative to the undisturbed air, which is the E.A.S. corrected for altitude and temperature.

TAKE-OFF SAFETY SPEED 14.

The minimum speed at which, following sudden and complete failure of the engine in the take-off configuration, adequate control exists to establish a glide at a safe margin above the stall.

MANOEUVRING SPEED 15.

The maximum speed for full application of primary flight controls.

NO 16.

The Normal Operating Limit Speed which is the maximum cruising speed.

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REPORT VB-575 MODEL PA-28-151

PAGE ____

SECTION II. LIMITATIONS

THE AEROPLANE MUST BE OPERATED SO THAT THE LIMITATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE OBSERVED.

CORP.

BEAGH, FLA.

- A. The following weights given are maximum limitations.
 - 1. The Maximum Take-off Weight is 2325 pounds.
 - 2. The Maximum Landing Weight is 2325 pounds.
 - 3. The Maximum Weight for the manocuvres listed on Page 27 is 1950 pounds.
 - 4. The aeroplane is not structurally limited by a zero fuel weight limit.
- B. Baggage Loading *

The maximum baggage capacity is 200 pounds. For aerobatic operation, baggage and aft passengers are not allowed.

C. Fuel System

- 1. There are no fuel loading limitations. However, it is recommended that the fuel load be symmetrical to provide better roll control.
- The word "gallon" as used throughout this report means
 U.S. gallon unless otherwise stated.
- 3. The unusable fuel in this aircraft has been determined as 1.0 gallon in each wing in critical flight attitudes.

 (1.0 gallon is the total per side).

Items marked * must either be placarded or the applicable instrument colour marked. PEKCAGEP

VSSUGAES

PIPER AIRCRAFT CORP. DEVELOPMENT CENTED, VERO BEACH, FLA.

REPORT VB-575 1 NODEL PA-28-1-1

FAGE 1

SECTION II. LIMITATIONS (continued)

- 4. The usable fuel in this aircraft has been determined as 48.0 gallons in critical flight attitudes. (48.0 gallons is the total per aeroplane).
- 5. The fuel selector may be in either "Right Tank" or "Left Tank" position for any flight configuration.

 Use fullest tank for take-off and landing.
- 6. The electric fuel pump should be "ON" for take-off, landing and when the engine driven pump is inoperative.

 It is a good procedure to use the electric fuel pump when switching tanks.

D. Centre of Gravity

- The aircraft loading is to be distributed so that the centre of gravity lies between the limits of 83.0 inches aft of the datum at 1950 pounds, 87.0 inches aft of the datum at 2325 pounds and an aft limit of 93.0 inches aft of the datum at 2325 pounds and below. The c.g. limitations have a straight line variation between the points given.
- 2. The load is to be distributed so that the centre-of-gravity for the manoeuvres. listed on Pg. 22 lies between the limits of 83.0 inches aft of the datum at 1950 pounds and an aft limit of 86.5 inches aft of the datum at 1950 pounds and below.
- 3. The datum is 78.4 inches ahead of the wing leading edge at the inboard intersection of the straight and tapered section.

| | SE. | CTION | iii L | ! | s (continued) |
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| | | | ,, p. | .i. Figure | e 3 Contre di Gravity Envelope |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | 93.0 Inches at |
| | | | | | 232 Lbs (1055 κg) or less. Aft C.G. Limit |
| | | 1100 | 7 2 | 00 | 2325 Lbs. (1055 Kgs.) |
| | | 1000 | | 200 | |
| | KILOGRANIS | | Salvada | | 1950 Lbs. (885 Kgs.) |
| | A LILO | 900 | | 00 | 1950 Lbs. (885 Kgs.) |
| ٠ | TCHT | | 15 Tax | | 86.5 Inches |
| -kev #2 | 1 2 1 | 800 | | 300 | Aft Limit for manoeuvres |
| 1 | | | | .po- | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 600 | | 100 | |
| | | | | 200 | |
| | | -500- | | 8 Z Ce | entre of Gravity Position - Inches Aft of Datum |
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Rev. #2, 15-10-74

Civil Aviation Authority Safety Regulation Group Aviation House South Area Gatwick Airport Gatwick

West Sussex RH6 OYR Tel: Switchboard 0293 567171

Direct Dial 0293 573149

Telex: 878753 Fax: 0293 573999

大方 医双角 经收款税额

Aircraft Maintenance Standards Department

9/97/CtAw/171 - 👫 -

A S Bamrah (TR) Falcon Flying Services Hangar Site 507 Biggin Hill Airport Biggin Hill Kent TN16 3BN

ナール・ハン家様議議員 5

2 February 1990

CAA EMERGENCY AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVE 001-02-90 PIPER PA-28 SERIES AIRCRAFT PLACARDING OF THE CURTIS FUEL STRAINER DRAIN VALVE

BACKGROUND

A number of serious accidents have occurred as a result of sudden loss of power after take-off caused by the fuel strainer drain valve not being closed properly after use on Piper PA-28 series aircraft.

APPLICABILITY

Applicable to Piper PA-28 series aircraft fitted with a Curtis fuel strainer drain valve, including those modified in accordance with CSE Service Bulletin No 6/75.

COMPLIANCE

Compliance is required not later than 2 weeks from the effective date of this Directive which is 7 February 1990.

REQUIREMENT

Modify by installing a placard adjacent to the fuel strainer drain valve stating:

WARNING ENSURE FUEL DRAIN IS CLOSED AFTER USE

NOTE: Letters to be clear and at least 4 mm high on a contrasting background.

Insert a copy of this Directive into the Limitations Section of the Pilot Operating Handbook/Flight Manual.

Oueries regarding this Directive should be referred to the General Aviation Section at the above address.

Aircraft Maintenance Approvals Section

PREFARED
PIPER AIRCRAFT CORP.

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PAGE 17

SECTION II. LIMITATIONS (continued)

E. Power-Plant Limitations

ENGINE

Lycoming 0-320-E3D with carburetor setting 10-5009

PROPELLER

Sensenich 74 DM6-0-58

Diameter: 74 Inches Maximum

72 Inches Minimum

Pitch: 58 Inches

Static RPM at maximum permissible throttle setting:

Not over 2375 RPM

Not under 2275 RPM

No additional tolerance permitted.

McCauley 1C160EGM7653

Diameter: 76 Inches Maximum

74.5 Inches Minimum

Pitch: 53 Inches

Static RPM at maximum permissible throttle setting:

Not over 2400 RPM

Not under 2300 RPM

No additional tolerance permitted.

FUEL

The minimum grade of fuel approved for use in this engine is

80/87 octane aviation gasoline, specification No. D.

Eng. R.D. 2485 with a maximum limit of 5.5 MLS. TEL/Imperial

Gallon.

PIPER AIRCRAFT CORP.

CHECKED DEVELOPMENT CENTER, VERO BEACH, FLA.

REPORT VB-575 MODEL PA-28-151

PAGE _____18

SECTION II. LIMITATIONS (continued)

OIL

The oil approved for use in this engine is to specification

No. D Eng. 2472 grade B/O and the latest applicable Lycoming

Specification.

OIL TEMPÉRATURE

Normal Operating Range 75°F to 245°F (Green Arc) *

Maximum 245°F (Red Line) *

OIL PRESSURE

A minimum oil pressure of 25 PSI should be obtained or exceeded within 30 seconds when starting the engine.

Normal Operating Range 60 PSI to 90 PSI (Green Arc) *

Caution Range 25 PSI to 60 PSI (Yellow Arc) *

Minimum 25 PSI (Red Line *

Maximum 90 PSI (Red Line) *

FUEL PRESSURE

Normal Operating Range .5 PSI to 8 PSI (Green Arc) *

Maximum 8 PSI (Red Line) *

Minimum .5 PSI (Red Line) *

ENGINE SPEED LIMITATIONS

The maximum permissible rotational speed for all conditions of flight is 2700 RPM (Red Line).* The normal operating range is 500 RPM to 2700 RPM (Green Arc).*

Items marked * must either be placarded or the applicable instrument colour marked.

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MODEL PA-28-151

LIMITATIONS (continued) SECTION II.

FUEL/AIR MIXTURE CONTROL

The operation and limitations of the fuel/air mixture shall be in accordance with the latest applicable Lycoming Specification.

Airspeed Limitations .

- The operating speed limitations are given in terms of 1. indicated airspeeds (I.A.S.)
- NEVER EXCEED SPEED. VNE* 2. Is 185 MPH I.A.S. (160 Knots).
- NORMAL OPERATING LIMIT SPEED, VNO*

Is 145 MPH - I.A.S. (126 Knots). During normal cruising flight, the aeroplane should not be flown at a speed greater than VNO. The aeroplane shall only be flown at -speeds between the normal operating limit speed and the -never exceed speed at the discretion of the pilot, having due regard to the prevailing atmospheric conditions.

MANOEUVRING SPEED*

Is 127 MPH - I.A.S. (111 Knots). Manoeuvres involving an approach to the stall or full application of aileron, stabilator, or rudder control shall not be undertaken at a speed greater than the manoeuvring speed.

WING-FLAPS EXTENDED SPEED, VFE* (S/N 28-7415001 thru Is 130 MPH - I.A.S. (113 Knots). The wing flaps shall not be extended when the aeroplane is flying at a speed greater

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SECTION II. LIMITATIONS (continued)

WING-FLAPS EXTENDED SPEED, VFE* (S/N 28-7615001 and up)

IS 119 MPH-IAS (103 KTS.). The wing flaps shall not be
extended when the aeroplane is flying at a speed greater
than VFE.

- 6. ENTRY SPEED FOR MANOEUVERS LISTED ON PAGE 22

 Is 127 MPH I.A.S. (111 Knots) for steep turns, Lazy

 Eights and Chandelles.
- 7. AIRSPEED INDICATOR COLOR MARKINGS

. Green Arc

· (Normal Operating Range)

65 MPH to 140 MPH (E.A.S.)

Yellow Arc

(Caution Range-Smooth Air) 140 MPH to 176 MPH (E.A.S.)

White Arc

(Flaps Extended Range)

58 MPH to 125 MPH (E.A.S.)

(S/N 28-7415001 thru S/N 28-7515449)

- (Flaps Extended Range)

58 MPH to 115 MPH (E.A.S.)

(S/N 28-7615001 and up)

Radial Red Line

(Never Exceed Speed-Smooth Air) 176 MPH (E.A.S.)

Items marked * must either be placarded or the applicable instrument colour marked.

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8. SUMMARY OF AIRSPEEDS

| | | Ι.Λ | .s. | E.A. | .s. |
|--------------------------------------|--|------|-------|-------|-------|
| . | | мрн | KNOTS | мрн | KNOTS |
| _ | Never Exceed Speed, VNE | 185 | 160 | 176 | 153 |
| 2. | Normal Operating Limit Speed, VNO | 145 | 126 | 140 | 122 |
| 3. | Manoeuvring Speed | 127 | 111 | 124 | 108 |
| 4. | rlans Extended Range (White Arc) | .130 | 113 | 125 | 109 |
| (S/N 28-7415001 thru S/N 28-7515449) | | 51 | 44 | 58 | 50 |
| | Wings Flaps Extended Range (White Arc) | 119 | 103 | 115 | 100 |
| ٠. | (S/N 28-7615001 and up) | 51 | 44 ' | 58 | 50 |
| | Normal Operating Range (Green Arc) | 145 | 126 | 140 | 122 |
| 5 | Motmer of the second of the se | 58 | 50 | 65 | 56 |
| | Caution Range (Smooth Air Only - | 185 | 160 | 176 | 153 |
| . 6. | (Yellow Arc) | 145 | 126 | . 140 | 122 |
| | Best R/C Speed at Gross Weight | 86 | 75 | 87 | 76 |
| 7. | Entry Speed for Steep Turns, | 1 | | | |
| 8 | Lazy Eights and Chandelles | 128 | 111 | 124 | 108 |

G. Miscellaneous Limitations

1. CATEGORY

Aircraft of this type are eligible for certification in the General Purpose Category. However, this aeroplane may be restricted to particular use or to some other category, and this will be stated in the Certificate of Airworthiness. PERFARED PLPER ALRCRAFT CORP.

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SECTION II. LIMITATIONS (continued)

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2. VFR and IFR FLIGHT

Flying VFR and IFR during day or night is permitted when the required equipment is installed and when allowed by the Air Navigation Regulations.

3. FLIGHT BY NIGHT

Night flying is permitted when the required equipment is installed, and when allowed by the Air Navigation Regulations.

4. FLIGHT AT HIGH ALTITUDE

When flying above 10,000 feet, it is the pilot's responsibility to consider the physical limitations of the pilot and passengers, oxygen equipment required, and compliance with all applicable Air Navigation Regulations.

5. FLIGHT IN ICING CONDITIONS

The aeroplane is not approved for flight in icing conditions.

6: APPROVED FLIGHT MANOEUVRES*

- (a) The following manoeuvres are permitted

 provided the aeroplane is loaded within the approved

 weight and center of gravity limits.
 - (1) Steep Turns
 - (2) Lazy Eights
 - (3) Chandelles

Items marked * must either be placarded or the applicable instrument colour marked.

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- (b) Baggage and aft passengers are prohibited for all manoeuvres listed on Page 22, Item 6.
- (c) All approved flight manoeuvres listed on page 22,

 Item 6 are prohibited above a gross weight of 1950 lbs
- (d) Aerobatic manoeuvres are not permitted.

7. FLIGHT LOAD FACTORS

The PA-28-151 structure has been designed to withstand a positive manoeuvring load factor of 4.4 g flaps up,

2.0 g with the flaps fully deflected (40°) and a negative manoeuvring load factor of 1.76 g flaps up without permanent deformation up to a gross weight of 1950 pounds.

The PA-28-151 structure has been designed to withstand a positive manoeuvring load factor of 3.8 g flaps up and 2.0 g with the flaps fully deflected (40°) without permanent deformation up to a gross weight of 2325 pounds.

8. MINIMUM CREW

The minimum crew is one pilot.

Items marked * must either be placarded or the applicable instrument colour marked.

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9. NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS

The total number of persons carried including crew shall not exceed four or the number of seats which are approved for use during take-off and landing. Children under the age of three years carried in the arms of passengers need not be included in the total.

10. SMOKING

Smoking is prohibited while the aeroplane is on the ground and during take-off and landing.

11. CLIMATIC CONDITIONS

The operating suitability of the aeroplane has been established for temperatures up to the range defined by I.S.A. $+ 20^{\circ}$ C.

A minimum temperature has not been established.

12 AUTOMATIC-PILOT LIMITATIONS

The following limitations are for the Auto-Control III and Auto Flite II installations.

- (a) Refer to Supplement number 2 for the limitations of the Auto-Control III installation.
- (b) Refer to Supplement number 3 for the limitations of the Auto Flite II installation.

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13. ELECTRIC PITCH TRIM LIMITATION

Minimum height above the terrain for the operation of the electric pitch trim is 400 feet.

14. MAXIMUM ALTITUDE

The maximum permissible operating altitude is given as the absolute ceiling of the aeroplane which is 14,500 feet. (At gross weight and I.S.A. conditions).

15. ADDITIONAL PLACARDS

The following placards and markings are required to be displayed in the aeroplane:

- (a) Adjacent to upper door latch "Engage Latch
 Before Flight".
- (b) On the instrument panel when strobe lights are installed - "Warning - Turn off strobe lights when taxiing in vicinity of other aircraft, or during flight through cloud, fog or haze".
- (c) In full view of the pilot:

"Take-off Checklist

Fuel on proper tank
Electric fuel pump on
Engine gauges checked
Flaps - set
Carb. Heat off
Mixture - set
Seat backs erect
Fasten belts/harness
Trim Tab - set
Controls - free
Door - latched"

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(d) In full view of the pilot:
(S/N 7415001 thru S/N 28-7515449) S/N28-7615001 & up
"Landing Checklist"Landing Check List

Fuel on proper tank Fuel on proper tank
Mixture rich Mixture rich
Electric fuel pump on Elect. Fuel pump on
Seat backs erect Seat backs erect

Flaps - set (125 MPH) Flaps-Set (115 MPH) fasten belts/harness

Aviation Grade Min., Usable capacity 24 Gal., Usable Capacity to bottom of filler neck indicator 17 Gal."

- (f) On the instrument panel, when the oil cooler
 winterization kit is installed "Oil Cooler
 Winterization Plate to be removed when Ambient
 Temperature exceeds 50°F."
- when the Autoflite II is installed:
 "Turn Autoflite on. Adjust trim knob for minimum heading change. For heading change, press disengage switch on control wheel, change heading, release switch. Rotate turn knob for turn commands. Push turn knob in to engage tracker. Push trim knob in for Hi sensitivity. Limitations: Autoflite off for takeoff and landing."

16. VACUUM GAUGE

The operating limits for the vacuum system are $5.0 \pm .1$ inches of mercury.

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17. ENGINE STARTER

Limit engine starting to 30 second periods.

18. STALL WARNING SYSTEM

The stall warning system is inoperative with the master switch off.

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SECTION III. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

A. INTRODUCTION

This section contains procedures that are recommended if an emergency condition should occur during ground operation, take-off, or in flight. These procedures are suggested as usually the best course of action for coping with the particular condition described, but are not a substitute for sound judgement and common sense. Pilots should familiarize themselves with the procedures given in this section and be prepared to take appropriate action should an emergency arise.

B. ENGINE FIRE DURING START

Engine fires during start are usually the result of over priming. The procedures below are designed to draw the excess fuel back into the induction system:

- 1. Starter continue to crank engine
- Throttle open
- 3. Mixture idle cut-off
- 4. Electric Fuel Pump off
- 5. Fuel selector off (if time allows)
- 6. Abandon aircraft if fire continues

C. ENGINE POWER LOSS DURING TAKE-OFF

The proper action to be taken if loss of power occurs during take-off will depend on circumstances.

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EMERGENCY PROCEDURES (continued) SECTION III.

- If sufficient runway remains for a normal landing, land straight ahead.
- 2. i If insufficient runway remains, maintain a safe airspeed and make only a shallow turn to avoid obstructions. Use of flaps depends on circumstances. Normally, flaps should be fully extended for touchdown.
- If you have gained sufficient altitude to attempt a restart, proceed as follows:
 - (a) Maintain safe airspeed
 - (b) Fuel Selector switch to another tank containing fuel.
 - Electric Fuel Pump check on
 - (d) Mixture check rich
 - (e) Carburetor Heat on
- If engine failure was caused by fuel exhaustion, power will not be regained after tanks are switched until empty fuel lines are filled, which may require up to ten seconds.
- 5. If power is not regained, proceed with the POWER OFF LANDING procedure.

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SECTION III. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES (continued)

D. ENGINE POWER LOSS IN-FLIGHT

Complete engine power loss is usually caused by fuel flow interruption, and power will be restored shortly after fuel flow is restored. If power loss occurs at low altitude, the first step is to prepare for an emergency landing.

(See POWER OFF LANDING.) Maintain an airspeed of at least 83 MPH IAS, and if altitude permits, proceed as follows:

- 1. Fuel Selector switch to another tank containing fuel.
- 2. Electric Fuel Pump on
- 3. Mixture rich 🕆
- 4. Carburetor Heat on
- Engine Gauges check for an indication of the cause of power loss
- 6. Primer check locked
- 7. If no fuel pressure is indicated, check tank selector position to be sure it is on a tank containing fuel.
- 8. When power is restored:
 - (a) Carburetor Heat off
 - (b) Electric Fuel Pump off (If fuel pressure decreases below green arc, turn electric fuel pump on, refer to Item III. H. page 34).

If the above steps do not restore power, prepare for an emergency landing. If time permits:

- 9. Ignition Switch "L" then "R" then back to "BOTH"
- 10. Throttle and Mixture different settings

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SECTION III. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES (continued)

(This may restore power if problem is too rich or too lean a mixture, or partial fuel system restriction.)

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- 11. Try another fuel tank (Water in the fuel could take some time to be used up, and allowing the engine to windmill may restore power. If power loss is due to water, fuel pressure indications will be normal.)
- 12. If engine failure was caused by fuel exhaustion,

 power will not be regained after tanks are switched

 until empty fuel lines are filled, which may require

 up to ten seconds.
- 13. If power is not restored, proceed with POWER OFF LANDING Procedures.

E. POWER OFF LANDING

- 1. If loss of power occurs at altitude:
 - (a) Trim the aircraft for best gliding angle (83 MPH-IAS).
 - (b) Look for a suitable field.
- 2. If measures taken to restore power are not effective, and time permits, check charts for airports in the immediate vicinity for a possible landing.
- 3. Notify appropriate authorities of difficulty and pilot's intentions via radio.

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SECTION III. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES (continued)

- 4. When a suitable field has been located:
 - (a) Establish spiral pattern around the field
 - (b) Attempt to have 1000 feet altitude above the ground at the downwind position.
 - (c) As much as possible, make a normal approach.
 - (d) Excess altitude may be lost by widening your pattern, using flaps, slipping, or a combination of these.
 - (e) Touchdowns should normally be made at the lowest possible airspeed with full flaps.
- 5. When committed to a landing:
 - (a) Ignition off
 - (b) Master Switch off
 - (c) Fuel Selector off
 - (d) Mixture idle cut-off
 - (e) Seat Belt and Harness tight

F. FIRE

- The aircraft is not equipped with a fire detection system. Thus, fire is detected by the following means:
 - (a) Visual observation of flames or smoke
 - (b) Sme11
 - (c) Presence of unusual heat in the cabin
- 2. Check the source of the fire by the following:
 - (a) Visual observation

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SECTION III. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES (continued)

- (b) Instrument readings
- (c) Discerning the character of the smoke
- 3. Electrical Fire
 - (a) Master Switch off
 - (b) Vents open
 - (c) Cabin Heat off
 - (d) Land as soon as practical
- 4. Engine Fire
 - (a) Mixture Control idle cut-off
 - (b) Fuel Selector off
 - (c) Electric Fuel Pump check off
 - (d) Master Switch off
 - (e) Magneto Switch off
 - (f) Throttle closed
 - (g) Dive to blow out fire (if altitude permits)
 - (h) Proceed with POWER OFF LANDING procedure.

G. LOSS OF OIL PRESSURE

Loss of oil pressure may be either partial or complete.
A partial loss of oil pressure usually indicates a malfunction in the oil pressure regulating system, and a landing should be made as soon as possible to investigate the cause, and prevent engine damage.

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SECTION III. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES (continued)

- 2. A complete loss of oil pressure indication may signify oil exhaustion or may be the result of a faulty gauge. In either case, proceed toward the nearest airport, and be prepared for a forced landing. If the problem is not a pressure gauge malfunction, the engine may stop suddenly. Maintain altitude until such time as a dead stick landing can be accomplished. Don't change power settings unnecessarily, as this may hasten complete power loss.
- 3. Depending on the circumstances, it may be advisable to make an off airport landing while power is still available, particularly if other indications of actual oil pressure loss, such as sudden increase in temperatures, or oil smoke, are apparent, and an airport is not close.
- 4. If engine stoppage occurs, proceed to POWER OFF LANDING.

H. LOSS OF FUEL PRESSURE

- 1. Electric Boost Pump on
- 2. Fuel Selector check on full tank
- 3. If problem is not an empty fuel tank:
 - (a) Land as soon as practical
 - (b) Have engine driven fuel pump checked

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SECTION III. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES (continued)

I. HIGH OIL TEMPERATURE

- 1. An abnormally high oil temperature indication may be caused by a low oil level, an obstruction in the oil cooler, damaged or improper baffle seals, a defective gauge, or other causes. Land as soon as practical at an appropriate airport and have the cause investigated.
- 2. A steady rapid rise in oil temperature is a sign of trouble. Land at the nearest airport and let a mechanic investigate the problem. Watch the oil pressure gauge for an accompanying loss of pressure.

J. ALTERNATOR FAILURE

- Loss of alternator output is detected through a zero reading on the ammeter.
- Insure that the reading is zero and not merely low by actuating an electrically powered device.
- 3. If no increase in the ammeter reading is noted, alternator failure can be assured and the following should be executed:
 - (a) 'Reduce electrical load
 - (b) Alternator circuit breakers check
 - (c) "Alt" switch off (for 30 seconds), then on.
- 4. If the ammeter continues to indicate no output, or alternator will not stay reset,:
 - (a) Turn off "ALT" switch.
 - (b) Maintain minimum electrical load.

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SECTION III. EMERGENCY FROCEDURES (continued)

- (c) Land as soon as practical.
- (d) In this case, all electrical load is being supplied by the battery. The battery endurance is 39 minutes of night operation.

K. ENGINE ROUGHNESS

- 1. Engine roughness is usually due to carburetor icing, and may be accompanied by a slight loss of airspeed or altitude. If too much ice is allowed to accumulate, restoration of full power may not be possible. Therefore, prompt action is required.
- 2. Carburetor heat on (See Item K.4). RPM will decrease slightly and roughness will increase. Wait for a decrease in engine roughness or an increase in RPM, indicating ice removal. If no change in approximately one minute, return carburetor heat to COLD. If the engine is still rough, try steps below.
 - (a) Mixture Adjust for maximum smoothness. Engine will run rough if too rich or too lean.
 - (b) Electric Fuel Pump on.
 - (c) Fuel Selector Change to other tank to see if fuel contamination is the problem.
 - (d) Engine Gauges Check for abnormal readings. If any gauge readings are abnormal, proceed accordingly.

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SECTION III. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES (continued)

- (e) Magneto Switch "L" then "R", then back to "BOTH". If operation is satisfactory on either magneto, proceed on that magneto at reduced power, with mixture full rich, to a landing at the first available airport.
- If roughness persists, prepare for a precautionary landing at pilot's discretion.
- 4. Partial carburetor heat may be worse than no heat at all, since it may partially melt ice, which will refreeze in the intake system. When using carburetor heat, therefore, always use full heat, and when ice is removed return the control to the full cold position.

L. SPINS

Intentional spins are prohibited. In the event that an unintentional spin is encountered, recovery can be accomplished by immediately using the following procedures:

- 1. Throttle Idle
- 2. Rudder Full opposite to direction of rotation.
- 3. Control Wheel Full forward
- 4. Rudder Neutral (when rotation stops)
- 5. Control Wheel as required to smoothly regain level flight attitude.

M. OPEN DOOR

To close the door in flight, proceed as follows:

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SECTION III. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES (continued)

- 1. Slow aircraft to 100 MPH-IAS
- 2. Cabin Vents Close
- 3. Storm Window Open
- 4. If upper latch is open Latch
 - 5. If lower latch is open:
 - (a) Open top latch
 - (b) Push door open further
 - (c) Close rapidly
 - (d) Top latch latch
- 6. A slip to the right will assist in latching the door.

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES

A. Preflight

- 1. Make sure the weather is suitable for the flight.
- 2. Plan the navigation (if going cross-country).
- 3. Check weight and balance for the flight. (See Figure3 on page 16).
- 4. Investigate performance and range. (See performance section of this manual.

B. Walk-Around Inspection

- 1. In Cabin:
 - (a) Avionics turn off, to save power and wear on the units.
 - (b) Master Switch turn on.
 - (c) Fuel quantity ensure adequate for flight plus reserve.
 - (d) Master Switch turn off to save battery.
 - (e) Ignition Switch should be off to prevent inadvertent start during inspection of propeller.
 - (f) Mixture Control should be in idle cut-off position, again to prevent inadvertent engine start.
 - (g) Trim indicators set to neutral so that tabs
 may be checked for alignment.
 - (h) Flaps extend and retract to check operation.
 This should be done before engine start so that you can hear any noise which might indicate binding.

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued)

- (i) Control wheel if a seat belt is used as a control lock, unfasten and free control wheel.
- (j) Paperwork check that the proper aircraft papers are aboard and that the necessary inspections have been performed.

2. Outside Airplane

- (a) Right wing, aileron and flap no damage, no ice.
 Check hinges.
- (b) Right main gear no leaks, tires inflated and not excessively worn, approximately 4.5 inches piston exposed under static load. Check brake blocks and discs for wear and damage.
- (c) Right wing tip and leading edge no damage or ice.
- (d) Fuel cap open to check quantity and color of fuel.

 Check cap vent, and then secure.
- (e) Right fuel sumps (2 locations) drain, check fuel vent.
- (f) Cowling open access door to inspect engine.
 - (1) Check oil quantity eight quarts maximum.

 Insure dipstick is properly seated.
 - (2) Check for obvious fuel and oil leaks.
 - (3) Secure access door and check cowling and inspection covers for security.

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued)

- (g) Gascolator drain.
- (h) Windshield check for damage and cleanliness...
- (i) Propeller check for nicks, oil leaks, cracks on spinner and security of spinner.
- (j) Alternator belt check.
- (k) Nose Section overall structure and surface undamaged. Check landing light condition.
- (1) Nose Gear check for leaks, approximately 3.25 inches piston exposed under static load, tire inflated and not excessively worn. Tow bar removed and stowed properly.
- (m) Air Inlets check for foreign matter (bottom of cowl and each wing root)
- (n) Left Fuel sumps (2 locations) drain, check fuel vent.
- (o) Fuel Cap open to check quantity and color of fuel. Check cap vent and then secure.
- (p) Pitot Tube holes unobstructed, heat checked by feel if need is anticipated.
- (q) Left Main Gear no leaks, tires inflated and not excessively worn, approximately 4.5 inches piston exposed under static load. Check brake blocks and discs for wear and damage.

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued)

- (r) Stall Warning Vane no damage, free movement.
- (s) Left Wing Tip and Leading Edge no damage or ice.
- (t) Empennage no damage, free of ice, hinges secure.
- (u) Stabilator freedom of motion.
- (v). Antennas secure and undamaged.
- (w) Baggage Compartment Door close and secure after baggage is properly stored and secured.
- (x) Navigation and Landing Lights check (after master switch and light switches have been turned on in cabin). Check panel and interior lights.
- (y) Cabin Door close and secure.

C. Before Starting Engine

- 1. Seats adjusted.
- 2. Seat belts, shoulder harness fastened.
- 3. Parking brake set.
- 4. Circuit breakers in.
- 5. Radios off.
- 6. Set carburetor heat control in the full cold position.
- 7. Fuel selector select desired tank.
- 8. Alternator on.

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NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued) SECTION IV.

Starting Engine When Cold

- 1. Master Switch _- on.
- Electric Fuel Pump on.
- 3. Mixture Control - advance to full rich.
- 4. Throttle Control - pump throttle control full open and closed 2 to 3 times then set control 1/4 open.
- 5. Starter - engage by rotating magneto switch clockwise and pressing in.
- Throttle control desired setting when the engine fires.
- 7. If engine does not fire within 5 to 10 seconds,
 - (a) Starter disengage.
 - (b) Priming Pump prime with one to three strokes.
 - (c) Repeat steps 1 through 6 without pumping the throttle control.

Starting Engine When Hot

- Throttle open approximately 1/2 inch.
- 2. Master Switch - on.
- 3. Electric Fuel Pump - on.
- 4. Mixture Control - idle cut-off.
- 5. Starter - engage by rotating magneto switch clockwise and pressing in.
- 6. When the engine fires,
 - (a) Mixture Control advance.
 - (b) Throttle Control advance to desired setting.

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued)

F. Starting Engine When Flooded

- 1. Throttle Control open full.
- 2. Master Switch on.
- 3. Electric Fuel Pump off.
- Mixture Control idle cut-off.
- 5. Starter engage by rotating magneto switch clockwise and pressing in.
- 6. When the engine fires,
 - (a) Mixture Control advance.
 - (b) Throttle Control retard to desired setting.

G. General Information for Starting Engine

- When engine is firing evenly advance throttle to 800 RPM.
- 2. If oil pressure is not indicated within 30 seconds,
 - (a) Stop engine.
 - (b) Determine trouble.
 - (c) .011 pressure indication may take longer in cold weather.
- 3. If engine has failed to start refer to the "Lycoming Operating Handbook, Engine Troubles and their Remedies".
- 4. Starter cranking is limited to 30 seconds with a two minute delay between cranking periods. Longer cranking periods decrease the life of the starter.

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NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued) SECTION IV.

Taxi

- Before taxiing, the brakes should be checked by moving 1. forward a few feet, throttling back and applying pressure on the toe pedals. The following equipment may be checked during taxiing.
 - (a) Instruments turn indicator, directional gyro, coordination ball.
 - Heater and Defroster especially important on a cold day.
- The autopilot, if installed, should be off during taxiing, and the electric fuel pump should be off in order to check the operation of the engine-driven fuel pump.

Before Take-off

- Warm up engine between 800 RPM and 1200 RPM.
 - (a) Limit to two minutes in warm weather.
 - (b) Limit to four minutes in cold weather.
- Avoid prolonged idling at low RPM. 2.
- If necessary to hold for take-off, it is recommended 3. to idle engine at 1200 RPM.
- A thorough check should be made before take-off, using a 4. check list. Before advancing the throttle to check the magnetos, be sure that the engine is warm enough to accept the power if it is a cold day. If there is no hesitation in engine action when throttle

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued)

is advanced, the engine is warm enough.

- (a) Parking Brake on.
- (b) Engine run-up.
 - (1) Throttle Control forward to 2000 RPM.
 - (2) Mixture Control full rich.
 - (3) Electric fuel pump on.
 - (4) Magnetos check (right and left)

 Maximum drop 175 RPM.

 Maximum differential drop 50 RPM.
 - (5) Carburetor Heat on. A drop in RPM indicates proper operation. Turn carburetor heat off.
 - (6) Throttle Control retard, 800 RPM to 1200 RPM.
 - (c) Fuel Selector on proper tank.
 - (d) Engine Gauges in the green arc.
 - (e) Vacuum Gauge 5.0 inches of mercury.
 - (f) Alternator on.
 - (g) Altimeter set.
 - (h) Attitude Indicator set.
 - (i) Clock wound and set.
 - (j) Quadrant Friction adjusted.
 - (k) Wing Flaps set.
 - (1) Trim Tabs (stabilator and rudder) set.
 - (m) Controls free, full travel.

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued)

- (n) Seat Backs erect.
- (o) Seat Belts and Shoulder Harness fasten.
- (p) Cabin Door latched.

J. Normal Take-Off (Flaps Up)

Take off should not be attempted with ice or frost on the wings. Take-off distances and 50-foot obstacle clearance distances are shown on charts in the Performance Section of this manual. The performance shown on charts will be reduced by soft, wet or grassy surface.

Avoid fast turns onto the runway, followed by immediate take-off, especially with a low fuel supply. As power is applied at the start of the take-off roll, look at the engine instruments to see that the engines are operating properly and putting out normal power, and at the airspeed indicator to see that it is functioning.

The take-off performance given on pages 63 and 66 is based on a take-off speed of 74 MPH IAS (64 Kts. IAS). Accelerate the aeroplane to this airspeed and rotate. This airspeed applies to any take-off weight.

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued)

K. Crosswind Component

1. The maximum crosswind component in which the aeroplane has been demonstrated to be safe for take-off and landing is 17 knots at a tower height of 33 feet.

L. Take-Off Climb

The climb performance presented on page 69 is based on a climbing speed of 64 knots - IAS (74 MPH - IAS). The electric fuel pump may be turned off when a safe altitude has been attained.

M. Normal Climb

The climb performance presented on page 72 is based on a climbing speed of 74 Knots - IAS (86 MPH - IAS) at a gross weight of 2325 pounds. The electric fuel pump may be turned off when a safe altitude has been attained.

N. Normal Cruise

When leveling off at cruise altitude, the pilot may reduce to a cruise power setting in accordance with the Power Setting Table in the Owner's Handbook. The normal cruising power is 75 percent of the rated horsepower of the engine. The mixture should be leaned in accordance with the recommendations for the 0-320-E3D engine in the Lycoming Operator's Manual which is provided with the aircraft.

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued)

In order to keep the aeroplane in best lateral trim during cruising flight, the fuel should be used alternately from each main tank. It is recommended that one main tank be used for one hour after take-off, then the other main tank be used until nearly exhausted, then return to the first main tank. Do not run tanks completely dry in flight.

O. Approach and Landing

Prior to entering the traffic pattern the following landing checklist should be observed:

- 1. Seat Backs erect.
- 2. Seat Belts and Shoulder Harness fastened.
- . 3. Fuel Selector on proper tank.
 - 4. Electric Fuel Pump on.
- 5. Mixture Control full rich.
- 6. Flaps set as required:
 - (a) Maximum speed permissible to lower the flaps is 113 Kts-IAS (130 MPH-IAS). S/N 28-7415001 thru S/N 28-7515449) 103 KTS-IAS (119 MPH-IAS)(S/N28-7615001 and up)

(b) Flaps up, approach speed is 71 Kts. - IAS (82 MPH-IAS).

- (c) 10° (first notch), approach speed is 69 Kts IAS,
- (d) 25° (second notch), approach speed is 66 Kts IAS, (76 MPH IAS).
- (e) 40° (third notch), approach speed is 63 Kts IAS,

 (73 MPH IAS).

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued)

7. Carburetor Heat - off. Use carburetor heat only when there is an indication of carburetor icing. Use of carburetor heat reduces the power which may be critical in the case of a go-around. Additionally, full throttle operation with carburetor heat on is likely to cause detonation.

The amount of flap used during landings and speed of the aircraft at contact with the runway should be varied according to the landing surface and conditions of wind and aeroplane loading. It is generally good practice to contact the ground at minimum possible safe speed consistent with existing conditions.

Normally, the best technique for short and slow landings is to use full flap and enough power to maintain the desired airspeed and approach flight path. Reduce the airspeed during flare out and contact the ground close to stalling speed. After ground contact hold the nose wheel off as long as possible. As the aeroplane slows down, lower the nose and apply brakes. There will be less chance of skidding the tires if the flaps are retracted before applying the brakes. Braking is most effective when back pressure is applied to the control wheel, putting most of the aeropiane weight on the main wheels. In high wind conditions, particularly in strong

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SECTION IV. NORMAL PROCEDURES (continued)

crosswinds, it may be desirable to approach the ground at higher than normal speeds with partial or no flaps. The landing performance presented on page 76 is for full flaps, 40° deflection and variable weight.

P. Post Landing

After leaving the runway

1. Electric Fuel Pump - off.

Q. Engine Shut-Down

- 1. Radio and Electrical Equipment off.
- 2. Throttle Control closed.
- 3. Mixture Control idle cut-off.
- 4. Magneto Switch off.
- 5. Master Switch off.
- 6. Parking Brake on.

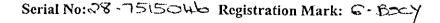
R. Rough Air Flight

In conditions of extreme turbulence, reduce power to slow the aeroplane slightly below the design manoeuvring speed of 111 Kts - IAS (127 MPH - IAS).

When flying in extreme turbulence or strong vertical currents and using the autopilot, the altitude-hold mode should not be used.

CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY

CAA CHANGE SHEET NO 2 ISSUE 1 TO THE PIPER PA-28-151 FLIGHT MANUAL REPORT VB-575. (CAA Ref: 1390/49107)





ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS AND INFORMATION FOR UK CERTIFICATION

The limitations and information contained herein either supplement or, in the case of conflict, override those in the flight manual.

PERFORMANCE CORRECTIONS

The limitations and information contained herein either supplement or, in the case of conflict, override those in the Approved Aeroplane Flight Manual.

Flight Tests have demonstrated that the aeroplane fails to achieve the performance scheduled in the flight manual.

The corrections listed below must, therefore, be applied to the flight manual performance information whenever it is used, in addition to any other correction which may be applicable as indicated by the text. It is not permissible to extrapolate the scheduled data beyond the limits of the existing charts.

Page 59 Maximum Take-Off and Landing Weight for Altitude and Temperature

Enter fig 8 at a weight 200 lbs above the actual aircraft weight or at an altitude 3000 ft above the actual aerodrome altitude.

Page 63 Take-off Run Required (Fig 9)

Enter fig 9 with the actual temperature, altitude and weight and add 20% to the resulting take-off run required or enter the chart at a weight 200 lbs heavier than the actual weight.

Page 66 Take-off Distance Required (Fig 10)

Enter fig 10 with the actual temperature, altitude and weight and add 20% to the resulting take-off distance required or enter the chart at a weight 200 lbs heavier than the actual weight.

To be inserted facing page 52 of the manual and the CAA revision record sheet amended accordingly.

CAA Approved
23 JUNE 2000

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CAA CHANGE SHEET NO 2 ISSUE 1 TO THE PIPER PA-28-151 FLIGHT MANUAL REPORT VB-575. (CAA Ref: 1390/49107)



Page 69 Net Take-off Flight Path - Net Gradient of Climb (Fig 11)

Enter fig 11 with the actual temperature, altitude and weight and add 20% to the resulting take-off distance required or enter the chart at a weight 200 lbs heavier than the actual weight.

Page 72 En Route Performance Ceiling and Gross Rate of Climb (Fig 12)

To obtain the gross rate of climb, enter fig 12 with the actual temperature and aircraft weight, but increase altitude by 3000 ft.

To obtain the performance ceiling, use aircraft weight and actual temperature and decrease scheduled ceiling by 3000 feet.

Page 76 <u>Landing Distance Required (Fig 13)</u>

No change

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE

A. General

- 1. The aeroplane is classified in Performance Group D.
- 2. The representative cruising true airspeed for flight over water is 110 knots (127 MPH).
- 3. The performance presented in this section is based upon the seroplane using the engine and propellers listed in the Limitations Section of this manual.
- 4. The performance may not be extrapolated beyond the limits stated in this manual and those presented on the graphs.
- 5. A graph for conversion of wind velocities to the wind component along the flight path is presented on page 53 of this manual.

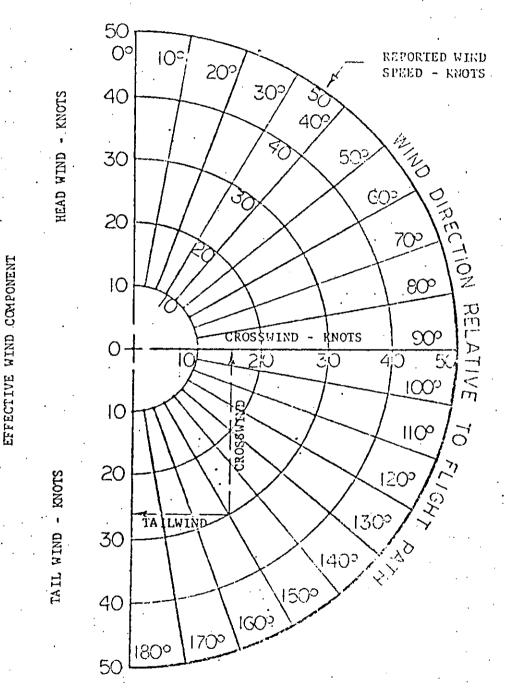
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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (Continued)

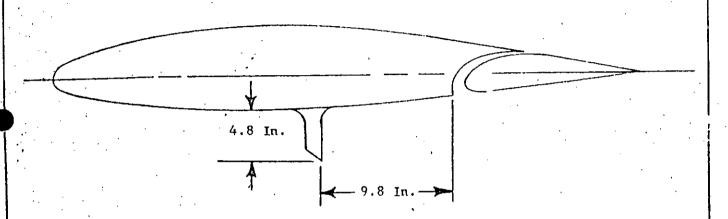
Conversion of Wind Velocities - Figure 4.



Example: Reported wind is 30 Knots and 150° relative to the neroplane flight path or runway heading. The crosswird demonstrates is 15 Knots and the tailwing component is 26 Knots.

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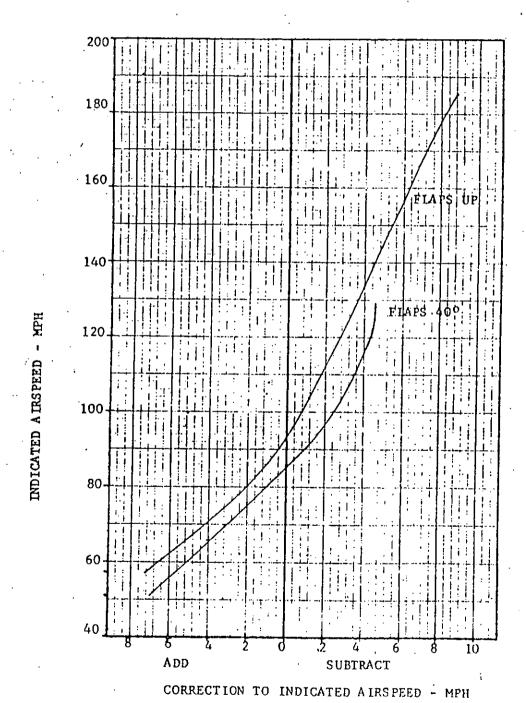
- 6. Pitot head location
 - (a) Figure 5.



- (b) Left wing location is Station 124.4 Inches.
- (c) Pitot head is parallel to the centerline of the aeroplane.
- (d) A static vent is located in the bottom of the pitor head.
- 7. The position error corrections to be applied to the I.A.S. to obtain E.A.S. are shown in Figures 6 and 7. Corrections are based on a weight of 2325 pounds. The variation of the correction at other weights is small.
- 8. The maximum static error to the altimeter is less than 50 feet in all conditions.

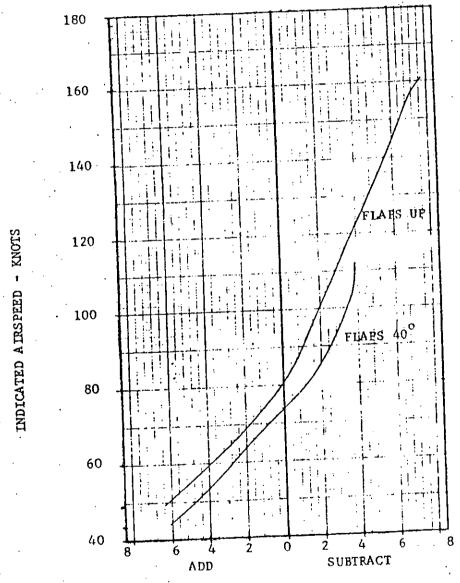
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7. Position Error Correction to obtain E.A.S.(a) Figure 6 .



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- 7. Position Error Correction to obtain E.A.S.
 - (a) Figure 7.



CORRECTION TO INDICATED AIRSPEED - KNOTS

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9. The power-off stalling speeds for several bank angles at forward C.G., and gross weight are given in the following tables.

| Angle of Bank | | . (| 00 | | | 20° | | | 40° | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|-----|
| | I.A | .s. | Ε. | A.S. | I.A | .s. | E.A | .s. | I'.A | .s. | E.A | .s. |
| • | мрн | Kts | МРН | Kts | мрн | Kts | мрн | Kts | мрн | Kts | мрн. | Кtв |
| Flaps Up | 58 | 50 | 65 | 56 | 60 | 52 | 67 | 58 | 69 | 60 . | 74 | 6.4 |
| Flaps 40 ⁶ | 51 | 44 | 58 | 50 | 53 | 46 | 60 | 52 | 62 | 53 | 66 ' | 58 |

| Angle of Bank | | • | 50 ⁰ . | | | 60° | | |
|---------------|-----|-----|-------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | Į.A | | E. | A.S. | I.A | .s | E.A | .s. |
| | мрн | Kts | МРН | Kts | мри | Kts | мрн | Kts |
| Flaps Up | 78 | 67 | 80 | 70 | 91 | 79 | 91 | 79 |
| Flaps 40° | 69 | 60 | 72 | 63 | 82 | 71 | 82 | 71 |

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

B. MAXIMUM TAKE-OFF AND LANDING WEIGHT FOR ALTITUDE AND TEMPERATURE - FIGURE 8.

The maximum permissible take-off weight for varying altitudes and temperatures is shown in figure 8.

The example given by the arrowed dashed line shows that for an aerodrome altitude of 3800 ft. and an air temperature of 25° C (ISA + 18° C, 77° F) the maximum permissible take-off and landing weight is 2220 Lbs. (1007 Kgs.).

NOTE:

The weight may be limited by other performance considerations such as take-off distance or obstacle clearance becoming critical.

EXPLANATION: OF FIGURE

By observing the weight-altitude-temperature data in figure 8 the PA-28-151 will have a gross rate of climb of 400 feet per minute (flaps up) at the take-off surface.

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C. Take-off Procedures and Speeds

1. TAKE-OFF TECHNIQUE

With the flaps up and the engine at full throttle, accelerate the aeroplane to the take-off safety speed of 64 Knots - I.A.S. (74 MPH - I.A.S.) and initiate the lift-off. This speed applies to all weights and altitudes.

2. MAXIMUM CROSSWIND COMPONENT

The maximum crosswind component in which the aeroplane has been demonstrated to be safe for take-off and landing is 17 Knots (20 MPH) at a tower height of 33 feet.

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

- D. Take-off Field Lengths
 - 1. TAKE-OFF RUN REQUIRED FIGURE 9.

The take-off run required from rest to the point of lift off is shown in Figure 9 for varying air temperatures, aerodrome altitudes, weights, reported wind components and uniform runway slopes.

ASSOCIATED CONDITIONS:

Engine Full Throttle
Wing Flaps Retracted

Technique Accelerate to the take-off safety speed of 74 MPH-I.A.S.,

64 Knots (77 MPH-E.A.S., 67 Knots). This take-off safety speed is for all weights and altitudes and lift off should be initiated at this speed.

Runway Dry Tarmac Runway (See Note 2).

ILLUSTRATED EXAMPLE:

The example given by the arrowed dashed line shows that with an air temperature of 21°C (I.S.A. + 7°C, 70°F) at an aerodrome altitude of 500 feet and a weight of 1980 pounds (900 Kg.), with a reported headwind component of 10 knots and a uniform uphill runway slope of 1%, the take-off run required is 1830 feet (558 metres).

NOTES:

(1) The measured take-off run required has been factored by 1.15 to obtain the scheduled take-off run required.

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

- (2) For operation from short dry grass, the distances given for a dry tarmac runway should be increased by 6.5%.
- (3) The wind correction grids are factored so that 50% of headwinds and 150% of tailwinds are obtained. Reported winds may, therefore, be used directly in the grids.

| | • | E. | GURE 9. TAKE-OFF RUN REQUIRED | PAGE 63 |
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PERFORMANCE (continued) SECTION V.

TAKE-OFF DISTANCE REQUIRED - FIGURE 10.

The take-off distance required from rest to the 50 ft. height point is shown in Figure 10 for varying air temporatures, aerodrome altitudes, weights, reported wind components and uniform runway slopes.

ASSOCIATED CONDITIONS:

Full Throttle Engine Retracted Accelerate to the take-off safety speed of 74 MPH-I.A.S., Wing Flaps 64 Knots (77 MPH-E.A.S., 67 Knots) and rotate. This Technique take-off safety speed is for all weights and altitudes. Dry Tarmac Runway

Runway

ILLUSTRATED EXAMPLE:

The example given by the arrowed dashed line shows that with an air temperature of 23°C (I.S.A. +9°C, 73°F), at an aerodrome altitude of 400 feet and a weight of 2100 pounds (956 Kg.), with a reported tailwind component of 2 knots and a uniform downhill runway slope of 1%, the take-off distance required is 2700 feet (823 metres).

NOTES:

(1) The measured take-off over 50 feet distance has been factored by 1.25 to obtain the scheduled take-off distance required.

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

- (2) The wind correction grids are factored so that 50% of headwinds and 150% of tailwinds are obtained. Reported winds may, therefore, be used directly in the grids.
- (3) For operation from short dry grass, refer to page 62, Note (2), to correct for the additional take-off run required.

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

E. NET TAKE-OFF FLIGHT PATH

The net gradient of climb between 50 feet height and 1000 feet height is shown in Figure 11 for varying air temperatures, serodrome altitudes, weights and reported wind components.

ASSOCIATED CONDITIONS:

Engine

Full Throttle

Wing Flaps

Retracted

Airspeed

74 MPH - I.A.S., 64 Knots (71 MPH-E.A.S., 67 Knots)

This speed is valid for all weights and altitudes.

ILLUSTRATED EXAMPLE

The example given by the arrowed dashed lines shows that with an air temperature of 24°C (I.S.A. + 13°C, 75°F) at an aerodrome altitude of 2000 feet, a weight of 1800 pounds (816 Kg.) and a reported headwind component of 10 Knots, the net gradient of climb is 9.4%.

The horizontal distance traveled to climb from 50 feet to 1000 feet above the terrain is calculated as follows:

Height increment (for every case) is 1000-50 = 950 feet.

Horizontal distance = $\frac{950 \times 100}{9.4}$ = 10106 feet

10106 feet x (.3048 metres/foot)= 3080 metres

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

NOTES:

- (1) The data given in Figure 11 has been derived from gross performance reduced by a margin of 2.0% gradient.
- (2) The wind correction grids are factored so that 50% of headwinds and 150% of tailwinds are obtained. Reported winds may, therefore, be used directly in the grids.

RADIUS OF A STEADY TURN

If, in the flight path construction a significant change of heading is to be assumed, the radius of turn can be assumed to be 2350 feet (a steady rate one, 180° per minute turn).

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

F. En Route Performance

1. EN ROUTE PERFORMANCE CEILING AND GROSS RATE OF CLIMB - FIGURE 12.

The en route performance ceiling may be obtained from Figure 12 for varying weights, altitudes and air temperatures. The chart may also be used to determine the gross pressure rates of climb.

ASSOCIATED CONDITIONS:

Engine

Full Throttle

Wing Flaps

Retracted

Airspeed

I.A.S.

E.A.S.

2325 Lbs.

86 MPH (75 Kts.)

87 MPH (76 Kts.)

1400 Lbs.

86 MPH (75 Kts.)

87 MPH (76 Kts.)

(Straight line variation between the points given for E.A.S.)

ILLUSTRATED EXAMPLE:

The example A given by the arrowed dashed line shows that for a weight of 2120 pounds (962 Kgs.) in an atmosphere of I.S.A. \pm 20°C, the performance ceiling is 9,400 feet.

The example B shows that at a pressure altitude of 3,000 feet in an atmosphere of I.S.A. \pm 10°C at a weight of 1800 pounds (816 Kgs.), the gross pressure rate of climb is 808 feet per minute.

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SECTION V. . PERFORMANCE (continued)

NOTES:

(1) The performance ceiling is the maximum altitude which may be assumed when establishing compliance with the operating regulations pertaining to en route flight. It does not prohibit flying at a higher altitude (although at some altitudes, the operating regulations may require oxygen to be carried), but it is unlikely that the performance ceiling will be achieved unless full throttle and the air speed quoted are used towards the end of the climb.

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| FIGURE 12 ENROUTE PERFORMANCE CELLING |
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| FIGURE 12 ENROUTE PERFORMANCE CEILING |
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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

- G. Landing Procedures and Speeds
 - 1. LANDING TECHNIQUE

 For the approach and landing refer to pages 49, 50

 and 51.

2. MAXIMUM CROSSWIND COMPONENT

The maximum crosswind component in which the seroplane has been demonstrated to be safe for take-off and landing is 17 Knots (20 MPH) at a tower height of 33 feet.

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

H. Landing Field Lengths

1. LANDING DISTANCE REQUIRED - FIGURE 13.

The total landing distance over a 50 ft. obstacle is shown in Figure 13 for varying air temperatures, aerodrome altitudes, weights, reported wind components and uniform runway slopes.

ASSOCIATED CONDITIONS:

Engine

Idling

Wing Flaps

40° (Fully Deflected)

Technique

Approach at an airspeed of 73 MPH-I.A.S., 63 Knots,

(75 MPH-E.A.S., 65 Knots). The flaps are retracted

after touchdown and maximum wheel braking is applied.

Runway

Dry Tarmac Runway (See Note 2). 🕟

ILLUSTRATED EXAMPLE:

The example given by the arrowed dashed line shows that at the sea level aerodrome altitude with an air temperature of 32°C (I.S.A. + 17°C, 90°F) at a weight of 2000 pounds (907 Kgs.), with a reported headwind component of 10 Knots and a uniform downhill runway slope of 1.0%, the total landing distance over a 50 foot obstacle is 1250 feet (381 metres).

NOTES:

(1) The landing distance over 50 feet includes the Air Navigation Regulation field length factor 1.43. This means that distances obtained from Figure 13 may be equated directly to the landing distance available.

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

- (2) For operations from dry grass runways with freshly cut grass and firm subsoil, the distances for a dry tarmac runway should be increased by 8%.
- (3) The wind grids are factored so that 50% of headwinds and 150% of tailwinds are obtained. Reported winds may, therefore, be used directly in the grids.

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SECTION V. PERFORMANCE (continued)

I. Net Glide Range

The horizontal glide range from any altitude is shown in Figure 14, for the aeroplane at a gross weight of 2325 pounds and a no wind condition.

ASSOCIATED CONDITIONS

Engine

Power off, propeller windmilling

Wing Flaps

Retracted

Airspeed

83 MPH-I.A.S., 72 Knots, (85 MPH-E.A.S., 74 Knots)

The example given by the arrowed dashed lines shows that at an altitude above the terrain of 8400 feet, the net glide range for a no-wind condition is 14 nautical miles (26 Kilometres).

NOTES:

(1) The net glide range has a 1% steeper gradient than the gross glide range.

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SECTION VI. SUPPLEMENTS

- A. This section of the manual contains, in the form of supplements, information applicable to any particular feature, such as optional equipment, and uses of the aeroplane which are not covered by the information and data already included in the flight manual.
- B. Only the supplements pertinent to the individual scroplane, listed on page 80 need to be included in this manual and the date of embodiment recorded on the Record of Supplements sheet.
- C. A supplement is identified by a number which is assigned to each complete supplement and recorded at the beginning of the individual presentation and on the Record of Supplements sheet.
- D. The Record of Supplements sheet is presented on page 80 of this report.
- E. It is recommended that amendments to Supplements be usually effected by a re-issue of the complete Supplement.
- F. The amendments will be indicated on the Record of

 Supplements sheet in the Supplement Title column by listing

 the title and amendment, or revision, number.
- G. Every copy of Report VB-575 should contain the latest revised copies of the Record of Supplements sheet and the Supplement System explanatory page.

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RECORD OF SUPPLEMENTS

The following list of supplements have been approved by the Secretary of the Civil Aviation Authority and embodied in this manual.

| SUPPLEMENT | NAME OF | SUPPLEMENT | AP | NTE PROV | AL | EMBC | | INT | AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE OF |
|------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-------------|--------|------|-----|-----|----------------------------|
| NUMBER | CONSTRUCTOR | TITLE | Day | Mo. | Yr. | Day | Mo. | Yr | EMBODIMENT |
| 1 | Piper Air- Craft Corp. | Electric Pitch Trim Installation | | , | | | | | |
| 2 | Piper Air- Craft Corp. | Auto Control III Installation | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Piper Air- Craft Corp. | Autoflite II Installation | | | | | | · | |
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| AFFROVED | SUPPLEMENT NUMBER 1 | PAGE 81. | i |

ELECTRIC PITCH TRIM INSTALLATION

SECTION VI. SUPPLEMENTS (continued)

A. Limitations

The minimum height above the terrain for operation of the electric pitch trim is 400 feet.

B. Procedures,

1. Preflight

- (a) Circuit Breaker Set
- (b) Trim fore and aft
- (c) Manually override electric pitch trim
- (d) Check manual trim operation
- (e) If trim system fails preflight, disengage electric pitch trim by pushing the pitch trim switch on the instrument panel to the "OFF" position. If the electric pitch trim does not disengage, have system repaired before flight.

2. Inflight

(a) Press the electric pitch trim switch fore and after as required for trim.

C. Emergency Operation

- In case of malfunction (runaway trim action) Disengage the electric trim system by pressing the push button switch on the instrument panel to the "OFF" position.
- 2. In emergency The electric pitch trim may be overpowered using the manual pitch trim.

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SUPPLEMENT NUMBER 1

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ELECTRIC PITCH TRIM INSTALLATION

SECTION VI. SUPPLEMENTS (continued)

- 3. In the cruise configuration, malfunction results in $10^{\rm o}$ pitch change and 200 feet altitude variation.
- 4. In the approach configuration, a malfunction can result in a 50 pitch change and 50 feet altitude loss.

C. Performance

The aeroplane performance remains unchanged.

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AUTOCONTROL III INSTALLATION

SECTION VI. SUPPLEMENTS (continued)

A. Limitations

- 1. Autopilot use is prohibited above 178 MPH-I.A.S. (155 knots).
- 2. Auto-Control III must be "OFF" for takeoff and landing.
- 3. The minimum height above the terrain for operation of the Auto-Control III is 640 feet.

B. Procedures

Normal Operation Refer to the current Auto-Control III Owner's Handbook.

C. Emergency Operation

- 1. In case of malfunction, turn "OFF" autopilot.
- 2. In emergency, autopilot may be overpowered manually.
- 3. In climb, cruise or descending flight, an autopilot runaway with a 3 second delay could result in 60° bank and 320 feet altitude loss.
- 4. In the approach configuration, an autopilot runaway with a 1 second delay, coupled or uncoupled, could result in 15° bank and 20 feet altitude loss.

D. Performance

The aeroplane performance remains unchanged.

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AUTOFLITE II INSTALLATION

(continued) SUPPLEMENTS

Limitations

- Autopilot use is prohibited above 178 MPH-I.A.S. (155 knots).
- Autoflite II must be "OFF" for take-off and landing.
- 3. The minimum height above terrain for operation of the "Autoflite II" is 640 feet.

Procedures

1. Normal Operation -Refer to current Autoflite II Owner's Handbook.

Emergency Operation

- In case of malfunction, press disconnect switch (located on the pilot's control wheel).
- Move the switch (located on the control panel) to the "OFF" position.
- 3. Autoflite II may be overpowered manually.
- 4. In climb, cruise or descending flight, an autopilot runaway, with a 3 second delay could result in 60° bank and 320 feet altitude loss.
- In the approach configuration, an autopilot runaway with a 1 second delay, coupled or uncoupled, could result in a 150 bank and 40 feet altitude loss.

Performance

The aeroplane performance remains unchanged.